

FDNY FIREGUARD



Bath Salts

Legal, Synthetic Amphetamines





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Why are these drugs called 'Bath Salts'?

- Collectively called 'Bath Salts,' sold as Purple Wave, Vanilla Sky, Bliss, etc.
- May be sold as bath salts, but not the same chemical compound as Epsom Salt (magnesium sulfate) or other legitimate water-soluble therapies.

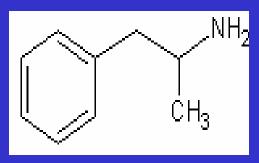




- Bath Salts are used similar to amphetamine
- made synthetically
- Chemically designed to mirror cathinones (triggers release of dopamine in user)



Cathinone



Amphetamine





Cathinone Origin

- Chewed since the 14th century throughout Middle East and Africa
- an amphetamine-like central nervous system stimulant, but not as potent as amphetamine (less ability to cross the blood-brain barrier.)
- Illegal in Europe, except in Great Britain
- Made a controlled substance in the U.S. in 1993





Derived from Catha edulis plant



KHAT

(aka: Arabian tea, qat, gat, qaat, jaad, chat or jimma)

Contains natural cathinone





Synthetic Cathinones

Mephedrone

- 4-methylephedrone or 4-MMC
- 1929 First synthesized
- Reintroduced in 2003
- Found in illicit "Bath Salts" and other products (2008-present)





Synthetic Cathinones



MDPV (Methylenedioxypyrovalerone)

- First synthesized in 1968, patented to counteract chronic fatigue.
- Problems of abuse and dependence.



• Found in illicit "Bath Salts" (2009-present)





Production and Distribution

Manufactured in bulk in foreign countries (China, India, and Pakistan)

Mislabeled to appear as legal products

法律粉末 Legal powder Ltd. MDPV, JVH, 5-IAI, Naphyrone, Flephedrone

- Retail price of \$40-\$60 per gram, bought:
 - Internet
 - Convenience Stores
 - Gas Stations
 - Head Shops
 - Tattoo Parlors





Recent 'Bath Salt' Seizure in NYC

On June 28, 2011, DEA seized 40 kg of the synthetic cathinone (valued at \$2 million) from several NYC locations.







'Bath Salts' Marketing and Packaging



- herbal treatment
- incense
- plant food or fertilizer
- insect repellant
- pond cleaner
- vacuum freshener







Mephedrone (4-methylephedrone or 4-MMC)





- White, crystalline powder with light yellow hue
- Unpleasant odor (vanilla and bleach, stale urine, or electric)

MDPV (Methylenedioxypyrovalerone)





- 'Dirty' or 'tan' copper-colored powder (free-base form)
- 'Pure' batch white powder
- European 'grey' powder





Methods of Intake



- Ingesting
- Inhaling
- Injecting
- Smoking
- Snorting
- Atomize in water and inhale
- Eye drops or nasal spray





CFR Response Signs and Symptoms



- Foaming at the mouth
- Breathing rapidly
- Extremely rapid heart rate
- Resisting treatment
- Incoherent Speech

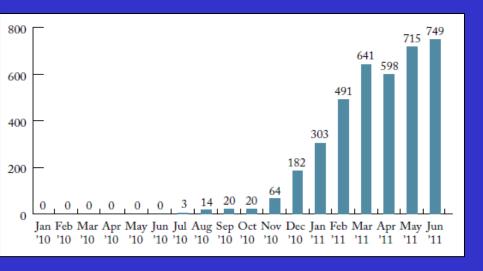


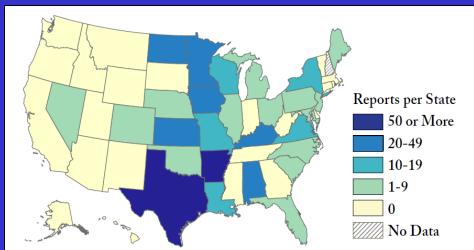
- Combative
- Hallucinating
- Anxious and paranoid
- Muscle pain
- Continuous movement





Calls to Poison Control: Synthetic Cathinone Reactions National Count 2010 State Distribution





New York City Incidents

(as per NYC Poison Control)

2011 - 27

2012 - 4 (as of March)





Legality



Included in 1986 Controlled
Substance Analogue Enforcement
Act of controlled unregulated
substances (for human consumption)
that mimic controlled substances.

10/21/2011 U.S. DEA

Prohibited the selling or possessing of Mephedrone, MDPV, and Methylone or products that contain these chemicals for a one year period.



Similar labeling found on most synthetic cathinone products





The Future of Bath Salts

Federally Unregulated Stimulants Now in Use

Desoxypipradrol, 3-FMC, Ethylone, Butylone, Flephedrone, Methedrone, ETH-CAT, Metamfepramone, MDPPP













Continues to be sold as plant food, herbal incense, plant fertilizer, insect repellant, pond cleaner, and vacuum fresheners.

Newly marketed as electronic screen cleaners.